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Stone Rural District Council

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ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR 1958

STONE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.

1958.

To the Chairman and Members of the Stone Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Madam and Gentlemen,

In accordance with the instructions from the Ministry of Health I herewith present my Annual Report of the Stone Rural District for the year 1958.

Whilst more detailed information and details are given in the body of the Report there are several facts which I believe should be noted.

1. A decrease in the population of the Area from 17,410 to 17,370. (40 persons less)

2. A decrease in the number of deaths from Coronary Disease from 25 to 21 (19 in 1957)

3. A decrease in the number of deaths from malignant diseases of the lung and bronchus from 7 to 2 (1 in 1957)

There were no cases of Poliomyelitis notified during the year, which is possibly due to the immunisation against this disease carried out in the area.

The two cases of Food poisoning notified during the year actually originated outside the Area and developed when the affected people came to reside within the area. The absence of any outbreaks of food poisoning within the area is very satisfactory, and I wish to pay tribute to the constant vigilance of the Public Health Inspectors for their work in this direction.

In keeping with the general picture in the country one cause of death shows an increase in numbers - namely deaths from motor vehicle accidents. The figure for the area for 1958 is returned as 4. In 1956 and 1957 the number given in this category were respectively nil.

National Assistance Act. 1948 (Amended 1957) As in the two preceding years there were no compulsory removal of persons under this act.

The problem of old people living on their own and perhaps who may be in need of care and attention is increasing. Several who came into this category during the year 1958 decided voluntary to go into suitable accommodation,,but there are some who still refuse to go. Each year that passes renders their position more serious, especially in view of the number of accidents which happen in homes.

The danger of inaction must be weighed very carefully and in many cases it is far harder to decide not to act than to act, and sometimes the case for removal develops into a matter of urgency.

I wish to thank the Chairman, Members of the Public Health Committee, the Clerk to the Council, The Health Visitors and Staff of the Public Health Department for the help and co-operation which I have received from them during the past year.

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Medical Officer of Health
F. J. Murray

Deputy Medical Officer of Health.
C. Arthur.

Chief Public Health Inspector and Meat Inspector.
W. Hawkes. C.R.S.I.
Who is also Surveyor, Inspector under the Housing,
Shops and Petroleum Acts and Rodent Officer.

Assistants to the Chief Public Health Inspector.
B. K. Lovatt. M.S.I.A., M.R.S.H., (Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector)
Miss E. E. Freakley, M.S.I.A., A.R.S.H. (Additional Public Health Inspector)

Clerk in the Public Health Department.
E. J. Bevan.

Junior Clerks.
Miss Pauline Pearson. (To July 1958)
Miss Marjorie Key. (From July, 1958)

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS IN THE AREA.

Area in Acres.....	61,249
Population (Registrar General Return).....	17,370
Number of Inhapited Houses.....	4,554
Population Density per house.....	3.81
Commercial Premises.....	483
Shops.....	109
Industrial Premises.....	18
Licensed Premises.....	43
Miscellaneous.....	123
Entertainment and Recreational.....	41
Rateable Value.....	£212,496
Penny Rate.....	£830

NOTES FROM THE STATISTICAL RETURN.

Population. The population of the Stone Rural District for 1958 is 17,370. This is a decrease of 40 from the figure for 1957. (17,410)

Births. The number of Live Births registered in the Area totalled 255, which shows an increase of 4 over the figure for 1957. (251) This gives a live birth rate for the year of 14.6 (England & Wales 16.4) (1957 the Live Birth Rate for the Area 14.4)

Deaths. The number of Deaths (including the Inward Transferable Deaths) registered in the Area for 1958 amounted to 166, which is a decrease of 7 from the figure for 1957.(173) This gives a Death Rate for the District of 9.5 (England & Wales 11.7) The complete list of the Causes of Deaths is on page 6.

Infant Mortality. (Excluding Still Births) Eight children under the age of one year died in 1958 and of this number six were under 4 week of age. This gives a Death Rate of 31.3 (per 1,000 Live Births). (The figure for England & Wales was 22.6)

Notifiable and Infectious Disease. The number of cases of Notifiable and Infectious Diseases (including cases of Food Poisoning) received during the year amounted to 67. The figures for 1957 totalled 379. The difference between these two figures being mainly due to the outbreak of measles which occurred in 1957. (295 cases against 5 cases in 1958)

National Assistance Act 1948. (Amended 1957) No action was taken under this Act during the year.

Vital Statistics. These give particulars of Births and Deaths occurring in the Stone Rural District for 1958 and compare the figures for the Area with those given for England & Wales.

	Live Births.		Still Births.		Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age.		Deaths of Infants under weeks of age.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Legitimate.	122	123	2	1	1	6	-	5
Illegitimate.	3	7	-	-	-	1	-	1
Total.	125	130	2	1	1	7	-	6

Maternal Mortality.

	Deaths in Stone R.D.	Rate per 1,000 Live and Still Births in Stone R.D.
Maternal Causes. Excluding Abortion.	1	3.8
Due to Abortion.	Nil	Nil
Total Maternal Mortality.	1	3.8

Birth and Death Rate.

Comparability Factors. Births 0.97		Deaths 1.14.
	Stone R.D.	Eng & Wales.
Live Births per 1,000 population.	14.6	16.4
Live Births per 1,000 population adjusted	14.1	
Still Births per 1,000 Live and Still Births.	11.6	21.6
Corrected Death Rate per 1,000 Population.	9.5	11.7
Corrected Death Rate per 1,000 Population. adjusted	10.8	
Death Rate, Infants under 1 year per 1,000 live births.	31.3	22.6
Death Rate, Infants under 4 weeks per 1,000 live births.	23.5	16.2

ANALYSIS OF CAUSES OF DEATHS.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
1. Tuberculosis. Respiratory.	-	-	-
2. Tuberculosis. Other.	-	-	-
3. Syphilitic Disease.	-	-	-
4. Diphtheria.	-	-	-
5. Whooping Cough.	-	-	-
6. Meningococcal Infections.	-	-	-
7. Acute Poliomyelitis.	-	-	-
8. Measles.	-	-	-
9. Other infective and parasitic Diseases.	-	-	-
10. Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach.	2	10	12
11. Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus.	1	1	2
12. Malignant Neoplasm, Breast.	-	1	1
13. Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus.	-	2	2
14. Other Malignant & Lymphatic Neoplasms.	8	5	13
15. Leukaemia, Aleukaemia.	-	-	-
16. Diabetes.	-	1	1
17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System.	12	15	27
18. Coronary Disease, Angina.	12	9	21
19. Hypertension with Heart Disease.	2	-	2
20. Other Heart Disease.	8	22	30
21. Other Circulatory Disease.	3	4	7
22. Influenza.	-	-	-
23. Pneumonia.	4	6	10
24. Bronchitis.	5	2	7
25. Other Diseases of Respiratory System.	-	-	-
26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum.	-	-	-
27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea.	2	-	2
28. Nephritis and Nephrosis.	1	-	1
29. Hyperplasia of Prostate.	1	-	1
30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion.	-	1	1
31. Congenital Malformations.	1	-	1
32. Other Defined and Ill-defined Diseases.	7	8	15
33. Motor Vehicle Accidents.	3	1	4
34. All other Accidents.	-	3	3
35. Suicide.	1	2	3
36. Homicide and Operations of War.	-	-	-
	73	93	166

INFECTIOUS AND NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.

The following table shows the number of infectious and notifiable diseases sent in by Medical Practitioners during the year 1958.

DISEASE.	1st Qr.	2nd Qr.	3rd Qr.	4th Qr.	Total.	1957
Scarlet Fever.	-	2	6	17	25	4
Whooping Cough.	-	-	-	-	-	47
Measles.	-	4	-	1	5	295
Diphtheria.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pneumonia. Acute Primary.	-	2	2	-	4	3
Erysipelas.	-	-	-	-	-	1
Puerperal Pyrexia.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis. Paralytic.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis. Non-Paralytic.	-	-	-	-	-	1
Dysentery.	23	6	2	-	31	24
Meningococcal Infection.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opthalmia Neonatorum.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food Poisoning.	-	-	-	2	2	4
Paratyphoid.	-	-	-	-	-	1

FOOD POISONING.

No. of Outbreaks.	No. of Cases Notified.	Actual No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	Organisms or other agents responsible with number of outbreaks of each.	Foods involved with number of outbreaks of each.
1	2	2	Nil.	Undiscovered.	Not known.

TUBERCULOSIS.

	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	Male	Female.	Male	Female.
On Register at 31st December, 1957.	18	7	1	5
New Cases Notified or Transferred in.	9	2	-	-
Total.	27	9	1	5
Deaths.	-	-	-	-
Removed on Transfer out or recovery.	3	-	-	2
Total Removed.	3	-	-	2
Total cases remaining on Register at 31st December, 1958.	24	9	1	3

REPORT OF CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR ON SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

BYE-LAWS IN FORCE IN THE AREA.

New Buildings.
New Streets.
Common Lodging Houses.
Common Lands.
Sanitary Conditions and Management of Private Slaughterhouses.
Dust Bins.
Handling, Wrapping and Delivery of Food for sale, and Sale of Food in the open air.

BACTERIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER SUPPLIES.

The total number of samples taken during the year for Bacteriological Examination and Chemical Analysis, is 80 Details are as follows.

Bacteriological Examination of Water Supplies.....40
Satisfactory.....14
Unsatisfactory.....26

Chemical Examination of Water Supplies.....40
Satisfactory.....29
Unsatisfactory.....11

In addition 5 Samples were submitted for examination from the open air swimming bath at Trentham Gardens. All samples showed that the supply is satisfactory.

WATER SUPPLIES.

Eastern Area Supply Scheme.

The extension of the Eastern Parishes Water Supply scheme intended to serve the areas known as Stone Heath, Sharpley Heath, Coton Hayes, Milwich and Garshall Green has now been abandoned due to the lack of support from the agricultural users and the heavy financial burden which the Council would have to shoulder.

Sandon, Burston Water Supply Scheme.

Main laying in Sandon was commenced on the 15th September, 1958 and by the end of the year good progress had been made through the village.

Cocknage Water Supply Scheme.

The Council received representations from the Staffordshire County Estate for a supply of water to serve the County Council smallholdings at Cocknage which at the present time have an inadequate supply. Negotiations are now taking place between the County Council, the Staffs. Potteries Water Board and this authority and it is anticipated that approval to the scheme will be granted early in the new year.

Dayhills Water Supply Scheme.

An extension scheme from the Hilderstone main to serve properties off the Hilderstone Road and Milwich Road to a point adjacent to the Red Lion Inn is at present under consideration by the Ministry of Housing and Local Government.

SEWERAGE.

Fulford Parish.

Meir Heath & Stallington Sewerage Scheme Stage I.

Work in connection with this main drainage scheme to serve properties in Grindley Lane, Birkholme Drive, Golborn Avenue, Meir Heath was commenced in February. By the end of the year the main 12" outfall sewer had been laid together with sections of the 9" and 6" diameter sewers in Grindley Lane and Birkholme Drive and 42 house connections made.

Saverley Green Scheme.

A scheme to drain the village of Saverley Green to the Blithe Valley Trunk sewer at Cresswell was surveyed, prepared and submitted to the Ministry of Housing & Local Government for formal approval. This scheme was approved and work commenced on the 29th December.

Stone Rural Parish.

Oulton Sewage Works.

Improvements are being carried out to the Oulton Sewage Works for the purpose of accommodating the increased flow from new development within the village of Oulton.

Swynnerton Parish.

Yarnfield Scheme.

Approval granted in 1957 for the construction of a sewage disposal works and general sewerage in the village of Yarnfield was completed in August.

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

Refuse Collection and Disposal.

Refuse Collection in the district is still being carried out by three refuse vehicles despite the marked increase in housing development. The Council operate four tips, three being in regular use, one being kept in reserve.

The Council undertake also the provision and cleansing of street litter baskets throughout the district.

Night Soil Collection.

The Council still operate two night soil collection vehicles and a third for cleansing septic tanks and small sewage disposal installations. The number of properties from which night soil is collected is continuing to decrease due to conversion schemes and the laying of public sewers.

INSPECTION OF DWELLING HOUSES DURING THE YEAR 1958.

1. (a) Total number of houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts).....516
   (b) No. of Inspections made for the purpose.....792
2. (a) No. of dwelling houses included under the sub-head (1) above, which were inspected and recorded.....364
   (b) No. of inspections made for the purpose.....521
3. No. of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation..... 42
   No. of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceeding sub-head- found not in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation..... 92

ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR.

The following information is given in accordance with Article 31 of the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925.

1. The number of houses which on inspection were considered to be unfit for human habitation (total of sub-heads 3 and 4 in previous section.....134

2. The number of houses the defects in which were remedied in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers (under Public Health or Housing Acts)..... 71

3. The number of representations made to the local authority with a view to
   (a) The serving of notices requiring the execution of works (under Public Health or Housing Acts)..... 42
   (b) the making of demolition orders or closing Orders..... 12

4. The number of notices served requiring the execution of works.
   (a) Housing Act. 1957.....Nil
   (b) Public Health Act. 1936..... 64

5. The number of houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices.
   (a) Housing Act. 1957 (i) by Owners.....Nil
   (ii) by local authority in default of Owners.....Nil
   (b) Public Health Act, 1936 (i) by Owners..... 43
   (ii) by local authority in default of Owners.....Nil

6. (a) The Number of Demolition Orders made under Section 17 of the Housing Act. 1957..... 10

   (b) The number of closing orders made
   (i) under Section 18 of the Housing Act 1957..... 1
   (ii) under Section 27 of the Housing Act 1957..... 2

7. The number of houses in respect of which an undertaking was accepted under sub-section 4 of Section 16 of the Housing Act, 1957
(a) To carry out works.....4
(b) To close the house.....3

HOUSING ACT 1949 - IMPROVEMENT GRANTS.

Applications dealt with by the Council during 1958.

Received...66. Approved...65 Rejected...1 Not Proceeded with...2

SLUM CLEARANCE.

Application for confirmation of Clearance Areas Nos. 1 and 2 representing 4 Houses in Stone Road and 14 houses and 1 Lock-up Shop in Castle Street, Eccleshall was submitted to the Ministry of Housing and Local Government in April, 1958.

RODENT CONTROL.

Two full time Rodent Operators are employed by the Council for work in connection with rodent control. Details of the visits and treatment are given below.

	Dwelling Houses.	Farms.	Business Premises.	Tips and Sewage Works.	Total.
No of Properties inspected by the Local Authority during 1958.	710	109	265	294	1,378
No of properties found to be infested.	185	22	72	15	294
No. of visits made for purpose of treatment by the Local Authority.	404	85	173	210	872

PETROLEUM ACTS.

During 1958 90 Petroleum Licences were issued. These Licences represent a total capacity of 80,850.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Slaughtering Facilities.

The two private slaughterhouses in Eccleshall continued to operate during the year and a further licence was issued on the 1st December in respect of a newly constructed slaughterhouse.

Twenty two men were licensed to stun and slaughter animals under the provision of the Slaughter of Animals Act. 1958. The licences operated until the 31st December, 1958.

Meat Inspection.

The following table in the prescribed form gives details of meat inspection at the two private slaughterhouses during the year 1958.

	Cattle Excluding Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pig
Number Killed.	432	1	15	1,283	476
Number Inspected.	432	1	15	1,283	476
All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci.					
Whole Carcases Condemned.....	-	-	-	4	5
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.....	141	-	-	101	1
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis and Cysticerci.	32.8	-	-	8.2	3.
Tuberculosis only.					
Whole carcases condemned.....	-	-	-	-	
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.....	11	-	-	-	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis.....	2.5	-	-	-	1.
Cysticercosis.					
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.....	2	-	-	-	
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration.....	2	-	-	-	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with cysticercosis.	.46	-	-	-	

Notes on the foregoing table.

Cysticercis bovis. As stated in the table localised cysticercus bovis was found in 2 beasts, and after condemnation of the affected offals the remainder of the carcases and offals were consigned to cold storage at either Stafford or Stoke-on-Trent. This shows a considerable decrease on the figures for the previous few years.

In the majority of cases of part condemnation for diseases other than tuberculosis, the organ affected was the liver, either wholly or in part. In cattle 195 livers were concerned, in sheep and lambs 172 and in pigs 17 mainly due to parasitic conditions.

Weights of meat condemned.

	Diseases other than Tuberculosis.			Tuberculosis.		
	Cwt.	Qr.	lb.	Cwt.	Qr.	lb.
Cattle.	12	-	26	2	-	10
Calves.	-	-	4	-	-	4
Sheep and lambs.	6	3	23	-	-	-
Pigs.	3	-	21	2	-	21
	22	2	14	4	1	7

The condemned meat at the slaughterhouses and butcher's premises was disposed of by the butchers to a manufacturer of animal by-products (Fertilisers etc) this disposal being under the control of this Department.

Inspection of Other Food.

The following amounts of foodstuffs other than butcher's meat were found to be unfit for human consumption and voluntarily surrendered by the various owners.

Cooked Ham.....30 lb. 8 oz.
Other Food.....33 lb. 6 oz.

Manufactured Food.

Four butchers' premises are registered under Section 14 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938 for the preparation and manufacture of sausage and pressed meat intended for sale for human consumption and are kept in a satisfactory manner. These are the only premises registerable under this Section.

Ice-Cream.

During the year 5 shops were registered for the storage and sale of ice-cream, making a total of 47 on the register at the end of the year. Ice-cream was on sale at 38 of these premises only.

Samples of ice-cream were taken at regular intervals during the "season" covering the six months from April to September and submitted for bacteriological examination with the following results.

Number Taken.....12
Grade I.....12

The above results are considered very satisfactory.

Food Premises.

The number and types of food businesses carried on in the Stone Rural District are as follows:

General Provisions	43
Butchery	7
Bread, cakes & sugar confectionery	2
Sugar Confectionery	6
Sugar Confectionery & Catering	1
Catering	12
Greengrocery	1
Greengrocery and Fish	2
Baking of Bread etc	2
Licensed Victualling	20
Licensed Victualling with catering for Meals and Refreshments	20
Factory Canteens	3
School Meals	2

A total number of 384 inspections were carried out at food premises.

Bye-Laws for Handling, Wrapping and Delivery etc., of Food.

No formal action has been necessary in the enforcement of these bye-Laws but attention has been drawn to certain irregularities, which have been remedied.

Food Hygiene Regulations 1955.

Periodic inspections have been carried out under the above Regulations and generally speaking in most premises a fairly high standard exists. In cases where the premises did not come up to the standard required occupants were informally requested to carry out certain works and this was done.

KNACKER'S YARD.

There are still two licensed Knacker's Yards in regular use within the Rural District.

SALE OF MILK.

Milk Production.

Milk production at Dairy Farms is under the control of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, through officers of the County Agricultural Executive Committee.

Distribution of Milk.

The Council is the Registration Authority for dairymen other than Dairy Farmers (Distributors) and for dairies other than dairy farms: i.e. non-producer retailers and their premises. 31 dairymen or shopkeepers have been registered as Distributors within the Stone Rural District as follows:

Operating from premises within the District.....15

Operating from premises outside the District....16

The Distributors from premises in the Rural District either operate from farm dairies (shared with a dairy farmer) which are registered by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, or since they obtain their milk in bottles unopened, their premises are not registerable as dairies. It should be noted that eight of these distributors are shopkeepers selling sterilised milk from their shops.

In addition to the foregoing, some dairy farmers retail milk in the district and are registered by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

Special Designations.

The following table shows the number and type of licences issued to distributors and producer retailers authorising the use of Special Designations in respect of milk. Producer retailers are licensed only in respect of milk not produced from their herd, which is sold retail by them under a special designation.

Dealers licences are issued to distributors and producer retailers operating from premises within the District and supplementary licences to those operating from other areas subject to their holding Dealer's licences from the appropriate licensing authority.

Special Designation.	Number of Dealer's Licences.	Number of Supplementary Licences.
Tuberculin Tested.	5	13
Pasteurised.	7	14
Sterilised.	12	9

Milk Sampling.

Routine samples of milk are taken by the Sampling Officers of the Staffordshire County Council who forward copies of the reports on the examination of the samples by the Public Health Laboratory to this Council. The following table has been compiled from the reports received in respect of samples taken during the year 1958.

	Bacteriological Examination.			Biological Examination for Tuberculosis.		
	No. of samples taken.	Passed.	Failed.	No. of samples taken.	Negative	Positi
Non-designated.	9	9	-	11	11	1
Tuberculin Tested.	68	61	7	47	42	-
Pasteurised.	155	147	8	-	-	-
Sterilised.	30	30	-	-	-	-
Totals.	262	247	15	58	53	1

Bacteriological Failures. The number of failures is smaller than last year although a slightly larger number of samples have been taken. The raw milk failures are investigated by the Milk Regulations Department of the County Agricultural Executive Committee and pasteurised and sterilised milk failures by the Authorities in whose area the milks are processed.

With regard to the one positive case referred to in the takle, the sample was taken from farm premises and the farmer concerned was retailing a certain quantity of milk. A notice was therefore served upon him under Regulation 20 of the Milk and Dairies Regulations 1949, prohibiting the sale of milk without prior heat treatment.

In addition, seven samples taken from farms by the County Health Department were found to be positive to biological tests for tuberculosis, but in each case there was no retail trade, all milk being sent for processing, and no action was therefore necessary.

SHOPS ACT 1950.

There are 172 shops carrying on trade in the area, and during the year 212 inspections have been made. Informal requests have been made for notices indicating opening times and in all cases these have been provided.

With the exception of powers to make orders suspending or altering general closing hours, the Staffordshire County Council have delegated by agreement all their powers under the Act.

RAG FLOCK AND OTHER MATERIALS ACT. 1951.

There are no premises registered under the above Act, within the Rural District of Stone.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT. 1937 & 1948.

The following table is an extract from the statutory return submitted to Headquarters, Ministry of Labour and National Service.

Inspections. Premises.	Number on Register.	Number of Inspections.	Written Notices.	Occupiers Prosecuted.
Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authority.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	45	29	1	Nil
Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers premises)	5	4	Nil	Nil
Total	50	33	1	Nil

Cases in which defects were found.

	Cases in which defects were found. Found	Rededied	Referred to H. M. Inspector	By H. M. Inspector	No. of cases in which Prosecutions were Instituted.
Want of Cleanliness.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Sanitary Conveniences.					
(a) Insufficient	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(b) Unsuitable or Defective.	1	1	Nil	Nil	Nil
(c) Not Separate for Sexes.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Other Offences.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	1	1	Nil	Nil	Nil

Outwork. This involved making etc. of wearing apparel only.
No. of out-workers in August List required by Section 110(1).....3
No. of cases of default in sending lists to Council.....Nil
No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists.....Nil
No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises. Sec. 101.....Nil
Notices Served.....Nil. Prosecutions.....Nil